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SOCIO – DEVELOPMENTAL FACTORS INVOLVED IN VIOLENCE TOWARDS CHILDREN WITHIN THE FAMILY

Causes of violence against children are social and developmental in nature

- § The social factors include alcoholism, financial problems, poor social standards and insecurity
- § They lead people into a state of stress and, in some cases, to family cruelty

Socialization factors

- § For the modern family upbringing is important for discipline
- § Parents require from the child unconditional obedience, considering that discipline is not a "tool", but a "purpose" of upbringing.
- § Children whose parents have used threats, punishments, condemnation and ridicule are likely to develop a sense of guilt and shame



For these parents the normal methods of discipline include punishments, shouting, grave and dramatic expression Parents show full disrespect for the child's personality

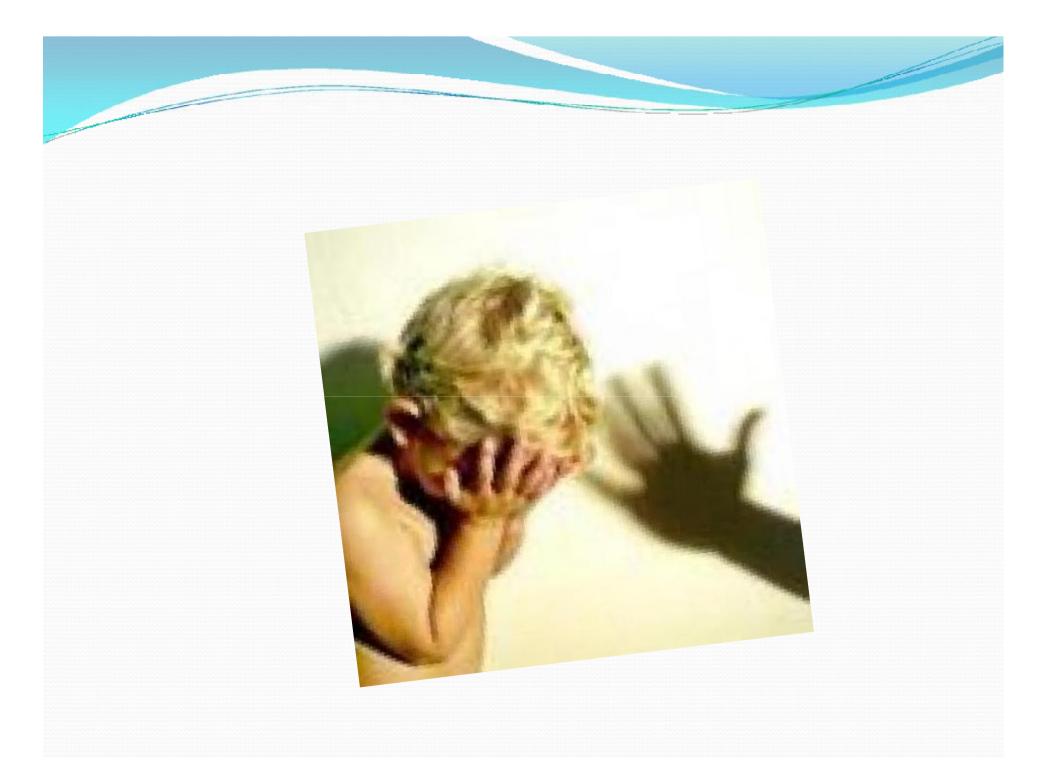
The parents perceive their baby as bad, maladapted and unhappy



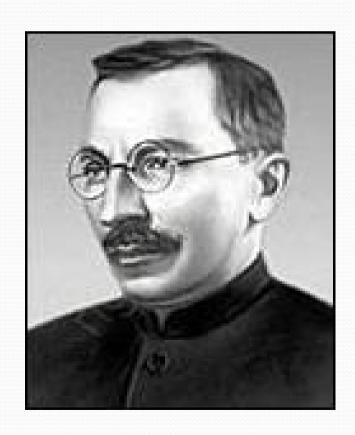


For the most part the baby is seen as the cause of anger, frustration, annoyance and offence

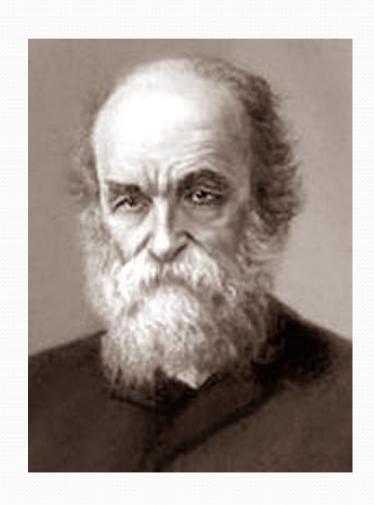
- —Physical punishment is not a valid method of discipline, as it can cause undesirable effects such as reactions of rage or fear.
- A child who is under threat of punishment often behaves badly.



The renowned Soviet educator A. Makarenko said that a good family never resorts to physical punishment, and that this is the correct way to bring up children



Petr Lesgaft, the founder of the Russian theory of family upbringing, wrote that no punishments can match the role of loving words



The family acts as a role model for the child, demonstrating certain patterns of social behavior





In 1989, the UN adopted the Convention on the Rights of the Child

Legislation on the protection of the rights of the child in the Russian Federation includes:

§"Convention on the Rights of the Child"

§"The Federal Law on basic guarantees of the rights of the child in the kindergarten" §"Family code" According to the requirements of the Convention, and legal instruments of the Russian Federation, the child has the right to protection from physical and mental violence, injury or abuse.



Only through the nurturing of self-respecting individuals can we hope to develop a responsible

society





love and care

